BENZOIC ACID METHYLESTER, TECHNICAL

Version: 10.3 / GB Material no.

Revision date: **14.03.2016**Issue date: 27.06.2002

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name BENZOIC ACID METHYLESTER, TECHNICAL

Chemical Name BME, TECHN. CAS-No. 93-58-3

REACH Registration No.:: if available listed in Chapter. 3

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant applications identified Intermediate product under strictly controlled conditions (as per Article 18

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EU Ordinance 1907/2006, REACH)

Function Organic intermediate/s

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Oxxynova GmbH

Borsteler Weg 50 D-31595 Steyerberg

Telephone +49 (0)6181 59-3086
Telefax +49 (0)6181 59-2083
Email address info@oxxynova.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency information +49 (0)2365 49-2232 (Interpreting service available)

Emergency information +49 (0)2365 49-4423 (Telefax)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

EU-CLP as per Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008

Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4 H302

2.2. Label elements

Labelling as per (EU) 1272/2008

Statutory basis EU-CLP as per Regulation (EU) No. 1272/2008

hazard-defining component(s) (GHS)

methyl benzoate

Symbol(s)



Signal word Warning

Hazard statement H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

Precautionary statement: P264 - Wash hands thoroughly with soap and water after handling.

Prevention P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

Precautionary statement: P301 + P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/ physician if you

Reaction feel unwell.

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2.3. Other hazards

Page:

A PBT/vPvB evaluation is not available, since a chemical safety evaluation is not required / has not been carried out.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. **Substances**

3.2. **Mixtures**

Information on ingredients / Hazardous components as per EU-CLP Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

methyl benzoate		Ø 95.0000%			
CAS-No. 93-58-3 Acute toxicity (oral)	EC-No.	202-259-7	REACH-No. Cat	01-21199 egory 4	69268-21-0002 H302

Texts of H phrases, see in Chapter 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

Pay attention to self-protection.

Remove victims from hazardous area. Immediately remove soiled or soaked clothing and remove it to a safe distance. Keep victim warm, in a stabilized position and covered.

Do not leave victims unattended.

If the casualty is unconscious: Place the victim in the recovery position.

Inhalation

Inhalation is possible if aerosols, mists, dusts, or smoke form.

Move victims into fresh air.

With labored breathing: Provide with oxygen. Consult a doctor.

If the casualty is not breathing: Perform mouth-to-mouth resuscitation, notify emergency physician immediately.

Skin contact

Wash off affected area immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes.

With liposoluble substances, products, or preparations, continue decontamination with polyethylene glycol 400 after initial rinsing with water and then wash with water and soap.

If symptoms persist, consult a physician for treatment.

Eye contact

With eye held open, thoroughly rinse immediately with plenty of water for at least 10 minutes.

Consult an ophthalmologist immediately if the symptoms persist.

When dealing with caustic substances, notify emergency physician immediately (key words: burns in eye).

Ingestion

Rinse mouth.

Immediately give large quantities of water to drink.

Obtain medical attention.

When dealing with caustic substances, notify emergency physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

In case of substances with high water solubility, inhalation of vapors, aerosols, mists, and smoke from caustic substances, products, and preparations, as well as caustic gases, results in irritations up to formation of necrosis in the upper respiratory tract.

The initial focus is on the local action: signs of irritation of the respiratory tract such as coughing, burning behind the sternum, tears, burning in the eyes or nose.

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There is a fundamental risk of acute toxic pulmonary edema!

In case of substances with low water solubility, only slight local irritations may appear at first, but after several hours of latency without symptoms, may develop into increasingly labored breathing and cyanosis as a result of a delayed pulmonary edema.

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There is a danger of underestimating the severity of the intoxication!

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media: Water spray, foam, CO2, dry powder.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: high volume water jet

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of fire cool endangered containers with water.

Hazard-determining flue gases might develop in case of fire:

Carbon oxides

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Water for fire fighting must not be introduced in the sewer system, subsoil, or surface waters. Assure that there are sufficient fire water retaining facilities Contaminated fire fighting water must be disposed of in conformity with the regulations of the local authorities.

Fire residues should be disposed of in accordance with the regulations.

wear a self contained respiratory apparatus

Wear suitable protective clothing.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Assure sufficient ventilation.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Wear personal protective equipment; see section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Do not allow substance to enter soil, bodies of water or sewage canals.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Take up mechanically or with an absorbent material.

Suitable binder: sand (for damming up), sawdust, universal absorbent

6.4. Reference to other sections

Wear personal protective equipment; see section 8.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Use permissible in closed systems only. Handle and transfer product in closed systems only (gas displacement device).

Ensure that apparatus and pipelines are free from leaks. Do not ventilate into the open.

Suitable loading and unloading device required.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking.

Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage

Keep containers tightly closed in a cool, well-ventilated place.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

We are unaware of any specific end uses which go beyond the data reported in Section 1.

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

DNEL/DMEL values

Remarks No substance-related safety assessment is necessary / has been conducted

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for this product.

PNEC values

No substance-related safety assessment is necessary / has been conducted Remarks

for this product.

8.2. **Exposure controls**

Engineering measures

Refill and handle product only in closed system.

Leak detection recommended

Wastewater can be added to a biological wastewater treatment plant.

Minimization of emissions by means of suitable technical measures such as flanges and valves with low leakage rates, recirculation of vapours.

All precautionary measures indicated have to be observed.

Exposure controls

The substance must be handled under strictly controlled conditions in accordance with Article 17/18 of the REACH regulation.

Personal protective equipment

Respiratory protection

Use suitable respiratory protection where aerosols/vapours are generated.

use respiratory equipment with suitable filter (filter type A) or wear a self contained respiratory apparatus Note time limit for wearing respiratory protective equipment.

Hand protection

Glove material Nitrile, for example, Camatril (731), Kächele-Cama Latex GmbH (KCL), Germany

Material thickness 0.33 mm **DIN EN 374** Method Accidental release measures

Glove material Nitrile/Chloroprene, for example:, Nitopren 717, Kächele-Cama Latex GmbH (KCL),

Germany

Material thickness 0.65 mm Method **DIN EN 374**

Eye protection

Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166

Accidental release measures basket-shaped glasses wear

Skin and body protection

Select materials and equipment for physical protection depending on the concentration and volume of hazardous substances and the workplace involved.

Chemical protection suit, single-use protection suit (antistatic)

Hygiene measures

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Wash off immediately in the event of contact with the skin (rinsing agent: glycol polyethylene 400), rinse off afterwards with copious amounts of water.

Do not eat, drink, smoke, or sniff while at work. Wash your hands and/or face before breaks and before termination of work.

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Protective measures

All precautionary measures indicated have to be observed.

Risk assessment and risk monitoring of all work places required.

Health, Safety and Emergency Management System recommended.

Regular safety training is a must.

Written approval necessary in case of non-routine jobs, e.g. maintenance activities.

The personal protective equipment used must meet the requirements of directive 89/686/EEC and amendments (CE certification).

It should be defined in the work place in the form of a risk analysis according to directive 89/686/EEC and amendments.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Form liquid

Colour colourless to yellowish

Odour ester-like

Odour threshold: No data available

pH not determined

Melting point/range -14.5 °C

literature

Boiling point/range 199.5 °C (1013 hPa)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 103

literature

Flash point 86 °C

Method: ISO 2719

Evaporation rate No data available

Flammability (solid, gas) not applicable

liquid

Lower explosion limit 8.6 %(V)

literature

Upper explosion limit 20 %(V)

literature

Vapour pressure 0.5 hPa (25 °C)

literature

Density 1.09 g/cm3 (20 °C)

Method: OECD Test Guideline 109

literature

Relative density No data available

Water solubility 2.1 g/l (20 °C)

literature

Partition coefficient: n- POW: 2.2 (20 °C)

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octanol/water literature

Autoinflammability Not expected during handling from practical experience.

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Thermal decomposition No data available

Viscosity, dynamic 1.94 mPa.s (23 °C)

Method: EN ISO 3219

Explosiveness Not to be expected in view of the structure

Oxidizing properties Not to be expected in view of the structure

9.2. Other information

formation of flammable gases In use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture.

Ignition temperature 537 - 547 °C (1013 hPa)

literature

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No further information available

10.2. Chemical stability

No further information available

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Possibility of hazardous No dangerous reactions known.

reactions

10.4. Conditions to avoid

No further information available

10.5. Incompatible materials

No further information available

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products known.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity LD50 Rat: 1625 mg/kg

Method: OECD Test Guideline 401

literature

Acute inhalation toxicity No data available

Acute dermal toxicity LD50 Rabbit: > 2000 mg/kg

No negative effects.

literature

Skin irritation not irritating

Method: OECD Test Guideline 404

literature

Eye irritation not irritating

Method: OECD Test Guideline 405

literature

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Sensitization not sensitizing

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Method: OECD TG 429

literature

Assessment of STOT single

exposure

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Assessment of STOT repeat

exposure

No data available

No data available

Risk of aspiration toxicity No data available

Gentoxicity in vitro none mutagenic / genotoxic effects

literature

Carcinogenicity No data available

Toxicity to reproduction No data available

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Toxicity to fish LC50 semi-static test Danio rerio (zebra fish): 23 mg/l / 96 h

Method: Directive 92/69/EEC C.1

literature

Toxicity in aquatic LC50 Daphnia magna: 28.5 mg/l / 48 h

invertebrates literature

Toxicity to algae EC50 Desmodesmus subspicatus: 111.9 mg/l / 72 h

End point: growth rate

Method: OECD TG 201

literature

Toxicity to bacteria EC 10 Activated sludge: 815 mg/l / 3 h

Method: OECD TG 209

literature

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability CO2 Evolution Test

Exposure time: 29 d
Result: 62 %

literature

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation No data available

12.4. Mobility in soil

Mobility No data available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

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12.6. Other adverse effects

Further Information No further information available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product

Strictly controlled conditions during disposal or treatment to air, wastewater and waste.

Wastewater can be added to a biological wastewater treatment plant.

Bring wastewater containing AOX for professional disposal.

Disposal according to local authority regulations.

Waste Key Number

The waste key number must be determined as per the European Waste Types List (decision on EU Waste Types List 2000/532/EC) in cooperation with the disposal firm / producing firm / official authority.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Not dangerous according to transport regulations.

14.1. UN number:

14.2. UN proper shipping name:

14.3. Transport hazard class(es):

14.4. Packing group:

14.5. Environmental hazards:

Special precautions for user: No 14.6

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

National legislation

Regulations on labour safety: It must be determined whether preventive substance-specific

occupational medical examinations in accordance with national law in

each case must be offered / carried out at regular intervals.

employment restriction Please note Directive 92/85/EEC (Pregnant Workers Directive) and

amendments.

Please note Directive 94/33/EC (Protection of Young Workers at the

Workplace Directive) and amendments.

Other regulations Please observe Appendix XVII of the EU Regulation 1907/2006

> (Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market, and use of certain dangerous substances, preparations and articles) as well as their

amendments.

contains benzene

Not permitted in toys or parts of toys as placed on the market where the concentration of benzene in the free state is in excess of 5 mg/kg of the

weight of the toy or part of toy.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

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Chemical safety assessment No substance-related safety assessment is necessary / has been conducted for

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this product.

SECTION 16: Other information

Classification and applied procedure to derive the classification of mixtures according to EU Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (CLP)

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Classification	Classification procedure
Acute Tox., 4 , H302	

Relevant H phrases from chapter 3

H302 : Harmful if swallowed.

Further information

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.

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Legend

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

ADN European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways

ASTM American Society for Testing and Materials

Adaptation to Technical Progress **ATP**

BCF Bioconcentration factor

BetrSichV German Ordinance on Industrial Safety and Health

C.C. closed cup

CAS **Chemical Abstract Services**

European Committee of Organic Surfactants and their Intermediates CESIO

ChemG German Chemicals Act

CMR carcinogenic-mutagenic-toxic for reproduction

DIN German Institute for Standardization **DMEL** Derived minimum effect level

DNEL Derived no effect level

EINECS European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances

half maximal effective concentration **EC50**

German Ordinance on Hazardous Substances **GefStoffV**

German ordinance for road, rail and inland waterway transportation of dangerous **GGVSEB**

goods

GGVSee German ordinance for sea transportation of dangerous goods

GLP Good Laboratory Practice **GMO** Genetic Modified Organism

IATA International Air Transport Association **ICAO** International Civil Aviation Organization **IMDG** International Maritime Dangerous Goods International Organization For Standardization ISO

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> **LOAEL** Lowest observed adverse effect level

Lowest observed effect level LOEL No observed adverse effect level **NOAEL** NOEC no observed effect concentration

NOEL no observed effect level

open cup O. C.

OECD Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development

Occupational Exposure Limit OEL Persistent, bioaccumulative, toxic **PBT** Predicted effect concentration **PEC PNEC** Predicted no effect concentration

REACH REACH registration

RID Convention concerning International Carriage by Rail

STOT Specific Target Organ Toxicity **SVHC** Substances of Very High Concern

Technical Instructions TA

Third Party Representative (Art. 4) **TPR**

Technical Rules for Hazardous Substances **TRGS** German chemical industry association VCI very persistent, very bioaccumulative **vPvB**

VOC volatile organic compounds

VwVwS German Administrative Regulation on the Classification of Substances Hazardous to

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Waters into Water Hazard Classes

WGK Water Hazard Class **WHO** World Health Organization